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APPLICATION NO.	FI	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/980,752 04/05/2002		04/05/2002	Kimihiko Imamura	70551/56711 7570	
21874	7590	09/02/2005		EXAMINER	
EDWARDS P.O. BOX 5		ELL, LLP	WONG, LINDA		
BOSTON, MA 02205				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2634	2634

DATE MAILED: 09/02/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Cumment	09/980,752	IMAMURA ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Linda Wong	2634					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 Ar</u>	<u>oril 2002</u> .						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-23</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-18 and 21-23</u> is/are allowed.	5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-18 and 21-23</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-5,7,8,19,20</u> is/are rejected.							
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2 and 6</u> is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 April 2002</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1:85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6)							

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1,19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moose et al (US Patent No.: 6459745) in view of Junell et al (US Patent No.: 6125124).
 - a. Claim 1, Moose et al discloses an orthogonal frequency division multiplexor (OFDM) frequency/timing recovery circuit comprising using N number of samples and elaying each sample to produce N number of reference signals (Col. 3, lines 51-55, Col. 5, lines 34-46 and Fig. 6A, labels 602 and 604), wherein the samples are used for cross correlation (Col. 6, lines 20-25 and Fig. 6A, label 606), peak detection means (Fig. 6A, labels 608 and 610), and correcting the frequency error based on the frequency offset estimated (Fig. 6B, label 624)/ Although Moose et al does not teach a first memory means for storing N types of reference signals, Junell et al discloses a frequency OFDM transmission system comprising a memory block for holding sample sequences of a known format and cross correlating the samples with the received signal

(Col. 4, lines 18-29). It would be obvious to one skilled in the art to use a memory block to store samples or types of reference signals to accommodate the multiple samples needed to allow the receiver to find an efficient correlation between the samples and received signals.

- b. Claim 19 inherits all the limitations of claim 1.
- 2. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moose et al (US Patent No.: 6459745) in view of Junell et al (US Patent No.: 6125124) and further in view of Tsuruoka (US Patent No.: 6549589).
 - a. Claim 3, Although Moose et al and Junell et al fail to teach a frequency offset compensation means by rotating the phase of a subcarrier of the reception signal based on the frequency offset estimate, Tsuruoka discloses a receiver with a frequency compensation unit wherein the estimated frequency offset or error is used to correct the carrier. (Col. 2, lines 54-60 and lines 62-67)
- 3. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moose et al (US Patent No.: 6459745) in view of Junell et al (US Patent No.: 6125124), and further in view of Nomura et al (US Patent No.: 6275551).
 - a. Claim 4, Although Moose et al and Junell et al fail to teach a variable local oscillator, Nomura et al discloses an OFDM receiver comprising a detection means (Fig. 2, labels 11, 12 and frequency synchronizing controller) comprising a local oscillator controlled by a frequency offset detection or estimation. (Col.

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- 8, lines 16-34) It would be obvious to one skilled in the art to incorporate a variable oscillator with the local oscillator to Moose et al and Junell et al's invention to reduce frequency offset. (Col. 8, lines 16-34)
- Claims 5,20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moose et al (US Patent No.: 6459745) in view of Junell et al (US Patent No.: 6125124), further in view of Tanaka (US Patent No.: 6498822).
 - a. Claim 5 inherits all the limitations of claim 1, but claim 1 does not recite a frequency compensation unit comprising averaging the frequency offset estimates. Although Moose et al, Junell et al does not disclose averaging the frequency offset estimates, Tanaka discloses a prior reference wherein a frequency error detection circuit comprising correlation using match filter, determining the peak timings of the symbols and computing the average of the peaks. (Col. 1, lines 45-67 and Col. 2, lines 1-21) It would be obvious to one skilled in the art to incorporate averaging the peak to quickly detect frequency and symbol timings with a receiving radio signal when a low carrier to noise ratio exits. (Col. 1, lines 10-17)
 - b. Claim 20 inherits all the limitations of claim 5.
- 5. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moose et al (US Patent No.: 6459745) in view of Junell et al (US Patent No.: 6125124), further

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in view of Tanaka (US Patent No.: 6498822) and further in view of Tsuruoka (US

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Patent No.: 6549589).

a. Claim 7 inherits all the limitations of claim 3.

6. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moose et al

(US Patent No.: 6459745) in view of Junell et al (US Patent No.: 6125124), further

in view of Tanaka (US Patent No.: 6498822), and further in view of Nomura et al.

(US Patent No.: 6275551).

a. Claim 8 inherits all the limitations of claim 4.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 2, 6 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

8. Claims 9-11, 12-15, 16-18, 21-23 are allowed over prior art.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

a. Sato et al (US Patent No.: 5596582)

b. Dejonghe (US Patent No.: 6363084)

c. Mizoguchi et a I(US Patent No.: 6658063)

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d. Katsumoto (US Patent No.: 6501730)

e. Isaksson et al (US Patent No.: 5812523)

f. Taura et al (US Patent No.: 6148045)

g. Huber et al (US Patent No.: 6618452).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Linda Wong whose telephone number is 571-272-6044. The examiner can normally be reached on 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Chin can be reached on (571) 272-3056. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Linda Wong

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